

# Urban Forestry, 1983-85: 254 Citations, Volume 86, Issue 25, ; 1986; U.S. Department of Agriculture, National Agricultural Library, 1986; Jayne T. MacLean

Urban Forestry book. Read reviews from world's largest community for readers. Trees and related vegetation have long been planted in cities for a variety... Goodreads helps you keep track of books you want to read. Start by marking "Urban Forestry: Planning and Managing Urban Greenspaces" as Want to Read: Want to Read saving... Want to Read. Urban forestry is very fast developing area of interest. As the interaction between "urban" and surrounding forests grows, the need to manage these interactions (and collisions) led to the creation of this discipline. Origins of urban forestry are in North America during the 1960s. According to Konijnendijk (2012) the concept has been introduced by Jorgensen at the University of Toronto, Canada, in 1965. The second story was told first by Charles Darwin, in his book *The Descent of Man*, where he offers his opinion, that apes are our ancestors, and there is probably something apelike left in us. The proven fact is, that the origin of humankind we can find in planes of south and east Africa. Trees were the safe place, refugium when predators sneaked around. Volume 86 - Issue 331 - March 2012. Page/Article number: low to high Page/Article number: high to low Title Type Online publication date. Contents. Book review. Francisco Estrada-Belli. The first Maya civilization: ritual and power before the Classic period. xvi+176 pages, 93 illustrations. 2011. Abingdon & New York: Routledge; 978-0-415-42993-1 hardback; 978-0-203-83913-3 e-book; 978-0-415-42994-8 paperback £ 21.99. E. Wyllys Andrews. Published online by Cambridge University Press: 22 February 2012, pp. 271-272. Review article. Urban and maritime glass assemblages in the western and eastern Mediterranean. Jennifer Price. Published online by Cambridge University Press: 22 February 2012, pp. 254-257. Article. Get access. Reference book on European urban forestry. Springer Academic Publishers. Randrup TB, Konijnendijk CC & Andersen F (2001). In: *Forests and society: the role of research*. Volume 2: abstracts of group discussions. Proceedings of the XXI IUFRO World Congress, Kuala Lumpur, 7-12 August 2000: Kuala Lumpur. Pp. 270-271. Management and protection of urban forests and urban trees in Kolberg. In: Backhaus GF, Balder H, Idczak E (Eds.). *International Symposium on Plant Health in Urban Horticulture*, Braunschweig, Germany, from May 22 to May 25, 2000: 224-230. Mitteilungen aus der Biologischen Bundesanstalt für Land- und Forstwirtschaft Berlin-Dahlem, Heft 370. Pp. 224-230. Urban forestry is the care and management of single trees and tree populations in urban settings for the purpose of improving the urban environment. Urban forestry involves both planning and management, including the programming of care and maintenance operations of the urban forest. Urban forestry advocates the role of trees as a critical part of the urban infrastructure. Urban foresters plant and maintain trees, support appropriate tree and forest preservation, conduct research and promote the many