

Public land management policy: oversight hearing before the Subcommittee on Public Lands of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs, House of Representatives, Ninety-ninth Congress, first session, on Bureau of Land Management wilderness program, U.S. Government Printing Office, 1986 United States. Congress. House. Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs. Subcommittee on Public Lands 1986

HOUSE HEARING, 107TH CONGRESS - COMMUNITY-BASED LAND MANAGEMENT AND CHARTER FORESTS - Free download as PDF File (.pdf) or read online for free.

Congressional Hearing Held: 2002-04-25. U.S. House of Representatives Subcommittee on Forests and Forest Health Committee on Resources Washington, DC. The Subcommittee met, pursuant to call, at 10:05 a.m., in room. 1334, Longworth House Office Building, Hon. Testifying before the House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee, Secretary of the Interior Stewart L. Udall estimated that the \$3 annual auto permit proposed in the legislation for admission to all Federal recreation areas would yield 20 to 45 million dollars a year toward the acquisition of new recreational lands by the Federal Government and the states. [10]. The National Parks Subcommittee of the House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee held its hearings on the corresponding House bills in May. Representative James H. Quillen, whose Tennessee district included part of Great Smoky Mountains National Park, was especially adamant on the subject Hearings before a Subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations United States Senate 81st Congress, 2d Session on Resolutions relative to the United Nations charter, Atlantic Union, World Federation, etc. Feb. 2, 3, 6, 8, 9, 13, 15, 17, and 20, 1950 Printed for the use of the Committee on Foreign Relations U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE, WASHINGTON, 1950: 64429 PP. 494-508. 598550 Revision of the United Nations Charter: Hearings Before a Subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations United States Senate 1950. Subcommittee on Revision of the United Nations Charter Elbert D. Thomas, Utah Federal Land Policy and Management Act - =Title I: Short Title, Declaration of Policy, and Definitions= - Declares Congressional policy relating to the use and management of public lands. Defines specified terms for the purposes of this Act. Empowers either House of Congress to disapprove withdrawals of lands aggregating over 5,000 acres. Requires each officer or employee of the Secretary of the Interior and the Bureau of Land Management who performs any duty under this Act or who has any known financial interest to annually file with the Secretary of the Interior a written statement concerning all such interests held by such officer or employee during the preceding calendar year. public land management, is to transfer public lands belonging to the state to. private property, so as to encourage settlement and development. This extensive. way of land management was determined by the economic and social development requirements at that time. When the United States became an independent. pension to the seller of the land, which at least ensures that the land owner's situation will not change before and after the land expropriation. There are. couples of reasons as follows: The first is to protect the security of private property, let the land owner be able to develop land without worries. The second is to. reflect the fairness of the public land management system, the cost of the whole. society cannot be transferred to the land expropriated individual